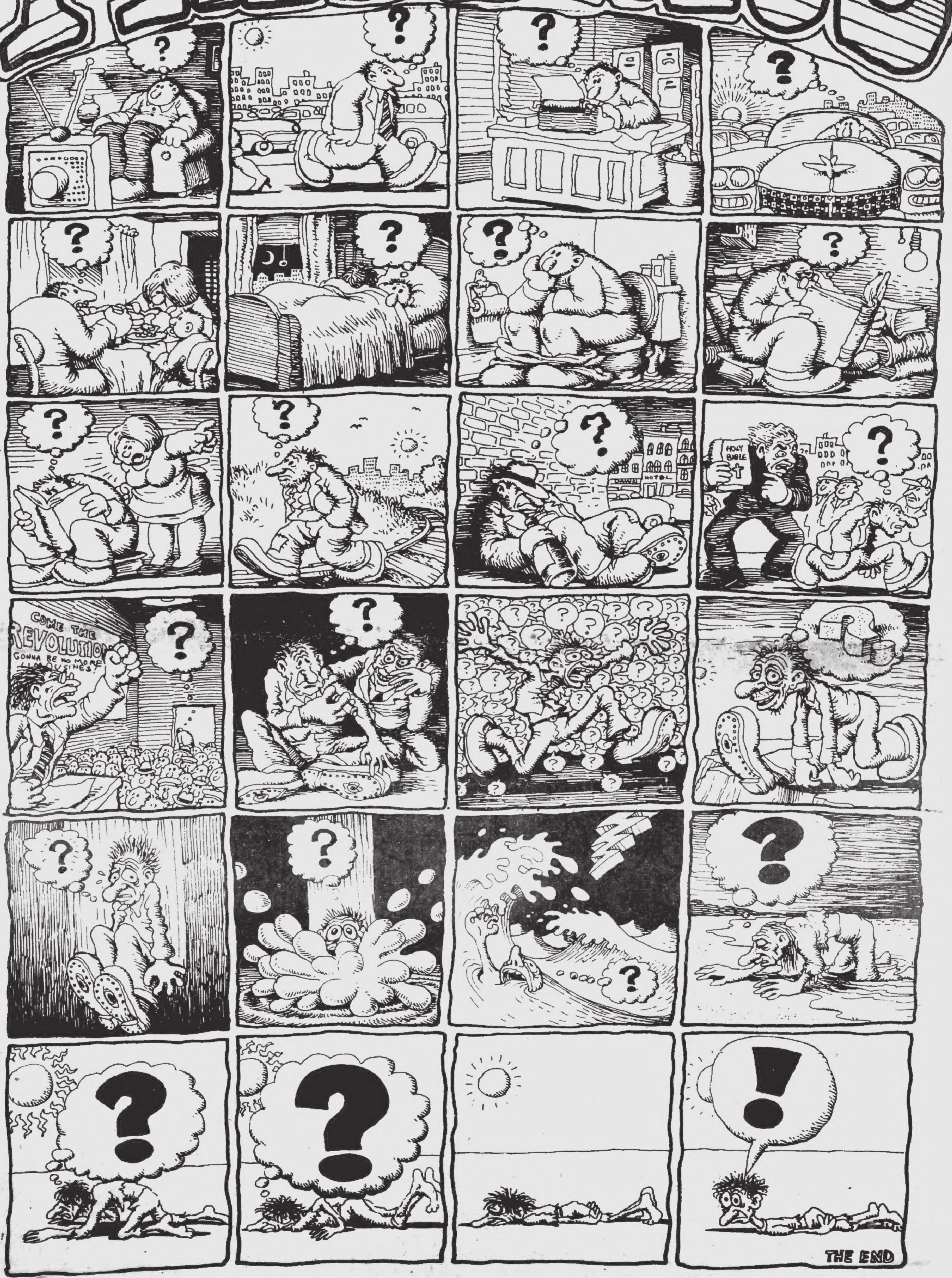
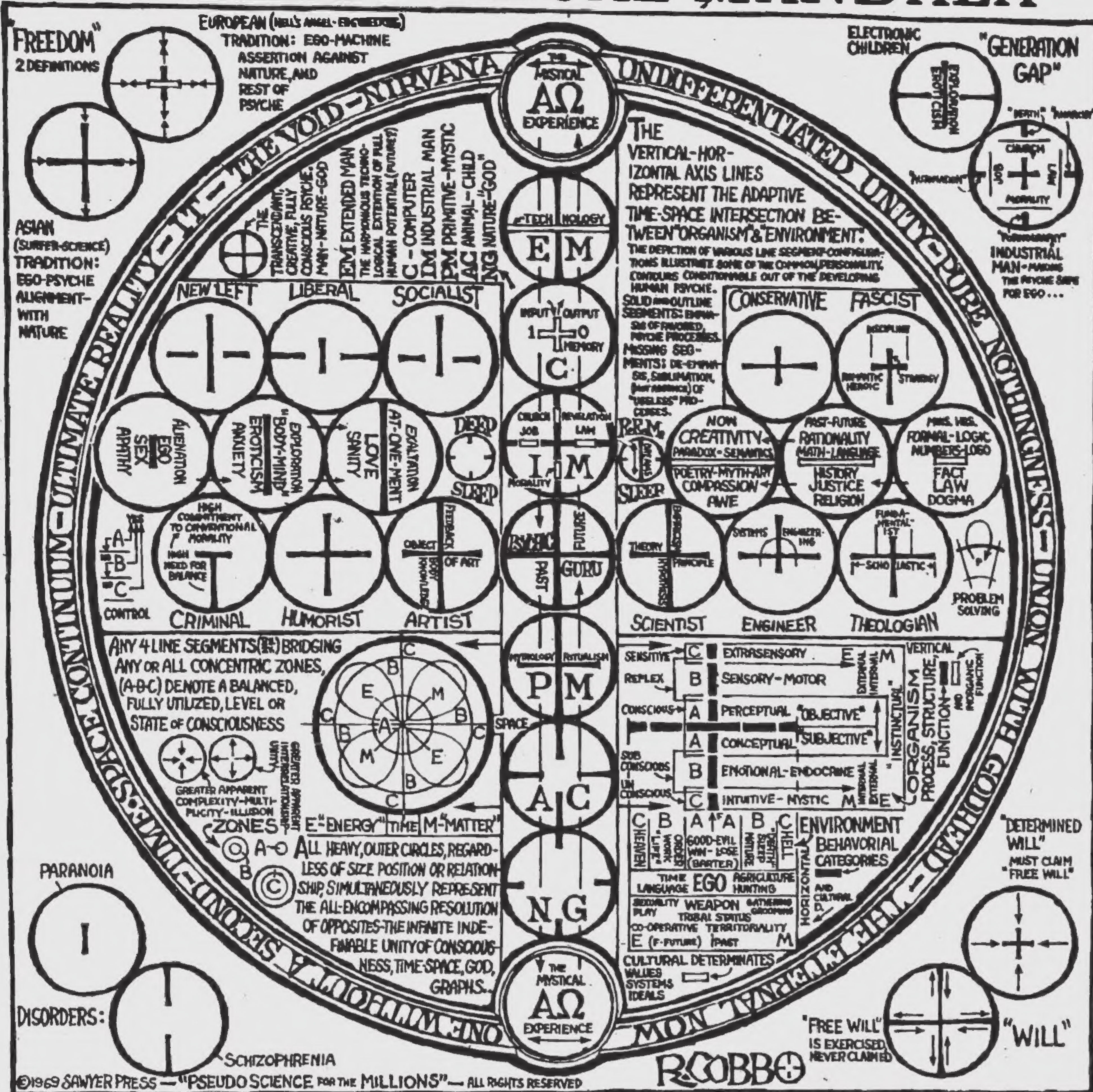


WASHINGTON WALLPAPER



COBB'S

PHILOSOPHICAL MANDALA



FUCK THE LEECHES WHO TRY AND PROFIT OFF THE PEOPLES' CULTURE.

FREE CLINIC

The Washington Free Clinic is one of the most vital organs of the community. The Clinic, located in the basement of the Georgetown Lutheran Church on Wisconsin Ave. between "P" and "Q" streets, is open five days a week from 8:00 to 11:00 pm Monday through Friday. Its sole purpose is helping people who cannot afford - or for other reasons cannot find professional medical help. The Free Clinic will administer contraceptives, give abortion referrals, draft referrals, treat V.D., treat Hepatitis, do lab tests, give psychiatric examinations, and do whatever else they are capable of to heal you. The clinic also provides an extensive referral service for cases they are unable to treat. It is a well equipped clinic set up to help our community.

The Free Clinic's services have not been reciprocated. It works both ways-- so how about have or expect to benefit from the clinic.

The Clinic's most urgent need at this time is manpower. They need:

People with cars to take lab samples to be tested during the day.

People to clean up during the (every)

Secretaries to answer the phone, type and do administrative work.

Money to expand and improve present facilities.

All those willing to work should call one or all of the following:

Carol Clarke
387-8054 (eve)

Alex Foxe
234-6699

Free Clinic
965-5476

FOOD CO-OP

The Washington Free Community has a food-coop which has been operating for some time now. The idea is to eat well and cheap while not patronizing the chain food stores.

The immediate needs of the Food-Coop are: an adding machine, refrigerators, and people willing to contribute transportation. For food prices and further information call Henry or Jerry at 234-6699 or Mike or Julia at 659-9399.



JOIN THE NEW



ACTION ARMY!



The President
• The White House
Washington, D. C.

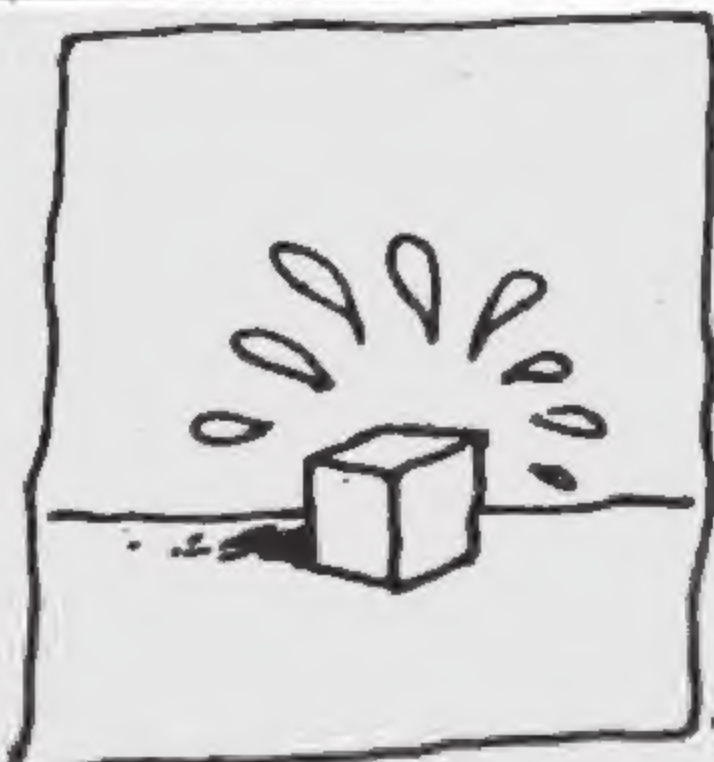
Dear Mr. President,

I am no hippy, no leftist and no advocate of anarchy. I am a mature lady retired after teaching school in the District of Columbia for 37 rewarding years. I try to take my responsibilities as a citizen of the United States and as a Christian seriously. Most of my time now is taken up with church work, volunteer service to the blind and the Eastern Star.

I am proud to say that I voted for you and it has done my heart good to see you and Pat in the White House, especially the Sunday services with Reverend Billy Graham.

Mr. President, I am writing you now about the proposed construction of the Three Sisters Bridge. Well, this proposal makes me so fucking mad I can't see straight! Shit on Natcher, McMillan and that wop Volpe!

Respectfully yours,
(Miss) Mabel Appleby



Believe it or not, now you are reading vol III no. 9. We are 18 solar days into Virgo, early late or late early September. This, the WASHINGTON FREE PRESS, is put out by the WASHINGTON FREE COMMUNITY INC (Tater Nox Time Community Church, of The Universal Life Church). We can be found at 1522 Conn Ave NW, Washington DC, 20036. When we are in we can be reached at 483-6222 or thereabouts. The FREE PRESS usually appears early and late each month and sometimes not at all. Kindly send us six dollars, your name address and zip and we'll send you FREEP for one year. If you produce some art or literature or other groovy stuff that you're proud of just drop it in the mail and we'll look it over for publication. We pay our second class permit at Washington, DC. Don't gag on it, goof on it.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20300

IN REPLY REFER TO
AIR-PC1-1: BCT

AUG 26 1969

MEMORANDUM

From: AIR-PC1-1
To: AIR-603

Subj: Unauthorized and unusual activity in Room 3050 Munitions Building on 25 August 1969; information concerning

1. On 25 August 1969, subsequent to 1630 and prior to 0730 on 26 August 1969, a person or persons entered Room 3050 Munitions Building and defecated in the office coffee pot. This despicable action, of course, rendered the coffee pot useless and it was destroyed. It is noted that this action was first observed by a young female summer employee and such actions are not conducive to improving the image of government employment.

2. It is not known who the culprits were. However, since the utilization of contractual Char Force labor, it seems that more unusual actions are occurring throughout the Navy complex than previously occurred when GSA was performing the Char Force actions. However, inasmuch as this building is a public building and anyone may enter its doors throughout the day, it is possible that some form of policing action should be instituted during the non-working hours. By so doing, any person or persons not having a government pass or a member of the Char Force could be arrested, and appropriate civil actions taken, if warranted.

B.C. Thompson
B. C. Thompson

Copy to:

AIR-104



LOS ANGELES (LNS) -- A small, homemade firebomb was dropped from a private airplane over a Nike missile site in suburban Van Nuys June 12, police said.

The device - a coffee can holding an aerosol can and a wick soaked in gasoline - exploded in a ditch 209 feet outside the plant's fence, police said. A passing motorist doused the fire with an extinguisher from his car. Police checked local airports but were unable to find the single-engined plane that dropped the bomb, according to an AP report.

Hey Gang, the Washington Free Press will speak free at any area junior, senior, or elementary school on any subject from dope to cooking. Just give us a call (483-6222) or come see us (1522 Conn.).



PITTSBURGH, Sept. 4 (UPI) - An estimated 100 shrieking girls, including several who were topless, staged an anti-war demonstration at the South Hills High School today, smearing paint on walls and scratching police and teachers.



DOPE in TOWN

The dope scene in Washington of late leaves a lot to be desired. There seems to be only small quantities of hash and grass with the grass of low quality, mostly from Virginia and Colorado. Good blond and red hash has been available at \$80-\$100 an ounce and there is also some highly opiated black that is \$100 an ounce and about \$1000 or more for a real pound.

Psychedelics are readily available at reasonable prices. Good acid in green tabs is running about \$2.50 a hit while there is a lot of white number 5 caps that may or may not be acid for \$2-\$3 a hit. Pink mescaline in horse caps is going on the street for about \$3 but some people aren't getting off on it. Most of it is good though; it depends on how much dope you've been doing.

There are also quantities of psychedelics in just about every conceivable form and color. You should know your dealer for good quality.

This weeks bring down comes in the form of two-bit burn artists. Most of them are strung out junkies operating in Georgetown and the Circle but they're all over. These people get strung out and then find easy cash by burning you on the street. They're selling just about anything as dope—cloves for opium, talcum for acid and such.

We are not exactly sure how to deal with these people but to start we'd like names and such of burn artists. Also you should let them on to the fact that you know what they're up to. If you're really upset about being burned you should deal with them in whatever way you think best. Let junkies and burn artists know that we won't tolerate them in our community.

If you or your friends are strung out, there are people in D.C. who will help you. Call us or the Free Clinic. Junk is the man and people who deal with junk are the man.



● 127 BLACK PANTHERS LIKE EDLRIDGE CLEAVER, BOBBY SEALE, BOBBY HUTTON, & OTHER LEADERS - HAVE BEEN KILLED, JAILED, FORCED INTO EXILE AS PART OF AN OPEN GOVERNMENT CAMPAIGN TO ILLEGALLY SUPPRESS POLITICAL ACTIVISTS - BLACK AND WHITE . . .

● CHICAGO ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATORS ARE ON TRIAL FOR EXERCISING THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF POLITICAL DISSENT . . .

● BRINT DILLINGHAM -- FOR HELPING MARYLAND TEENAGERS EXPRESS JUST GRIEVANCES -- FOR SELLING WASHINGTON FREE PRESS . . .

DC. Collection **SYMPOSIUM on REPRESSION** / AMERICAN UNIVERSITY (NEBRASKA & MASS. AVE.) LEONARD GYMNASIUM **SEP 13** AT 8:30 PM

Bobby Lee - Field Sec'y, Black Panther Party, Illinois
Preacherman Bill Pesperman - Field Sec'y, Patriots (white working-class organization)
Reggie Booker - Co-chairman, DC Emergency Committee on the Transportation Crisis
Brinton Dillingham - Director, Compeers, Inc.
PLUS A SPECIAL GUEST!!!

AND A **RALLY** IN SUPPORT OF THE RAINBOW COALITION (PANTHERS, PATRIOTS, LORDS) **SEP 12** AT 8:00 PM MALCOLM X PARK & 9:30 AT DUPONT CIRCLE

"Green Beret" Scandal Recalls "New Team"

The "Green Beret" scandal, involving an alleged political murder, was in fact but the latest "super-secret assassination mission" carried out in Vietnam, a former Ambassador with close ties to Richard Helms, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, informed this newspaper on August 5.

"The only difference is that this mission went awry", the former Ambassador said. "Apart from that, it is basically the same kind of assignment which the CIA and its operatives carried out successfully in the assassination of President Ngo Dinh-Diem in November 1963," the informant continued.

Henry Cabot Lodge

According to the source, when the "generals" attacked President Diem's presidential palace, an American CIA official who had spent many years in Vietnam was admitted into their headquarters and he maintained "telephone contact" with the American Embassy and with Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, then the American Ambassador to Saigon, throughout the period of the attack.

Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, who has always had access to the innermost Central Intelligence Agency secrets and operations, is currently the top United States negotiator in Paris with the North Vietnamese and Vietcong leaders.

"Triangulation"

During the 1963 attack, there was a "brief time" when things then had gone "awry" when Diem and his brother, Ngo Dinh Nhu, escaped through a tunnel and hid in the home of a Chinese friend in Cholon. The Central Intelligence Agency electronic monitors noticed unusual radio-communications activity in the area where Diem and Nhu were hiding and through "triangulation" located the transmitter in the service of Diem's secret headquarters. When this headquarters was attacked by the "generals", Diem and Nhu escaped to a Roman Catholic Church, where they were finally captured, the former Ambassador continued.

Official Versions

"The official version maintained to the present day is that, after their capture, Diem and Nhu were taken to headquarters in an armored personnel carrier—but were shot and killed sometime during the journey," the former Ambassador continued.

"Yet with all the resources of interrogation, autopsy, cross-examination, nothing more has been published beyond that," the Ambassador revealed. "Moreover, newspapers like *The New York Times* and *The Washington Post* have been singularly uninterested in finding out to this day exactly what happened," he continued.

"Tell No Tales"

"The reasons are simple—the executioners of Diem and Nhu had official protection. They had done their superiors a favor and kindness, because dead men tell no tales," the former Ambassador observed.

Readers of this newspaper will recall that in its April 16 and April 30 issues, *The Exchange* revealed for the first time for publication that a "highly secret and unknown American involvement in Yemen was the prelude to major actions by the Central Intelligence Agency's New Team in its November 1963 offensive against President Ngo Dinh Diem of South Vietnam, against Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson and against Otto F. Otepka, the State Department's former top Security Evaluator."

"The New Team"

The "New Team" had been set up by former Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy following the Bay of Pigs "fiasco" by the CIA "Old Team". Mr. Kennedy recruited into the "New Team" many officials not only from the CIA and the Federal Bureau of Investigation but also from the Internal Revenue Service and the National Security Agency, the newspaper had revealed. These agencies and their top members were "knowledgeable" in the exploitation of "wire taps" and secret informers, the newspaper had reported.

In its April 30 issue, this newspaper reported, among other facts, the following which are reprinted verbatim.

New Team Ready
By August, 1963, the "New Team" was "ready" for action on a wide variety of fronts. These included international affairs, especially the Vietnam War; domestic affairs, especially preparation for the 1964 Presidential election; and the "final infiltration" of the State Department, Agency for International Development, the United States Information Agency and the Pentagon, the source said.

While Don Reynolds was still in the first phase of his testimony, news was flashed to the Senate Committee that President John Kennedy had been assassinated and Vice President Johnson was now President. Mr. Reynolds never finished his testimony.

Although one of the "targets" of the "New Team," Lyndon B. Johnson thus escaped immediate destruction, his Presidency was eventually "captured" by such New Team members as Walt Whitman Rostow, William Bundy and Robert William Komer, the source added.

Thus, the "momentum" of the November 1963 strike of the New Team carried on through the Presidency of Lyndon Johnson, including the "Americanization of the Vietnam War" and the "dismissal" of Otto F. Otepka, the source concluded.



On the night of August 20, an explosion tore through the eighth floor of the Marine Midland Grace Trust Company, a bank with 3.3 billion dollars in assets and considerable investments in Latin America. The bank's corporate trust records are kept on the eighth floor.

Liberation News Service received the following press release by mail:

"The explosive device set off at the Marine Midland Grace Trust Co. on the night of August 20th was an act of political sabotage. Considerable damage was done to the security files and the building structure of the W. R. Grace Co. which extensively controls agricultural and chemical holding throughout Latin America.

"There was no intent to hurt anyone. The explosion was directed only at property. An hour before the explosion a Grace guard was telephoned and advised to clear the building. Were this warning not treated as a hoax, the minor injuries sustained by 17 people would have been avoided.

"This was the third of such acts, beginning with the exploding up of the United Fruit Company pier on July 26th, commemorating the Cuban Revolution.

"Crimes against other peoples of the world are every bit as heinous as crimes against Americans. Jail and killing will not deter acts of sabotage in the US. Nor, in short, is there anything that the government can do to placate the impulse to revolution that is in the blood of young America from coast to coast."

A Grace spokesman said they had "absolutely no clues or leads" in the bombing.



The basic purpose of the "New Team" was to "reform" United States domestic and foreign relations through the use of an "elite of committed, humanistic pragmatists" who looked at the "spirit of the future" instead of the status quo and the "dead letter of formal and literal law," the source continued.

In the international field the main target for "reform" action was Ngo Dinh Nhu, the brother of President Diem, of South Vietnam. He had, the source said, the same relationship to President Diem that Robert Kennedy had to President Kennedy.

President Diem had insisted in his "New Team" that "the CIA resources in Vietnam be used to become a 'paragovernment' in Vietnam. The CIA resources in Vietnam were to be used to 'transform' the war there and 'Americanize' the war in Vietnam."

Thus, stood in the way of the "paragovernment" in Vietnam. The CIA resources in Vietnam were to be used to "transform" the war there and "Americanize" the war in Vietnam."

allow the CIA resources in Vietnam to become a "paragovernment" in Vietnam. The CIA resources in Vietnam were to be used to "transform" the war there and "Americanize" the war in Vietnam."

transform South Vietnam along the lines of the "New Team" program, the source said.

Picture above is of wrecked Marine Midland Grace Trust Co. building.

On November 1, 1963, the "New Team" destroyed President Diem and his brother who were "assassinated". On November 5, 1963 the "New Team" moved against Otto F. Otepka who was informed that day that he was dismissed as a security officer; and on November 22, 1963, largely on urging of Robert F. Kennedy, Don B. Reynolds was appearing before a Senate Committee to supply evidence which was expected to cast a "deep shadow" on Vice-President Lyndon B. Johnson, because of his relationships to Robert "Bobby" Baker, and through Baker, to James R. Hoffa, the Teamster President whom Robert Kennedy was prosecuting.

The CIA war in counter-insurgency in Yemen had convinced the "New Team" that to carry out its program before the 1964 Presidential election, it must gain control of the actions of the South Vietnamese government in 1963. Thus, the "New Team" largely on the basis of Komer's views on the reasons for both successes and failures in the Yemen, decided to move against President Diem in Vietnam. The "New Team" also moved against Vice-President Johnson and Otto F. Otepka.

Mr. Komer's other great innovation was to develop and deepen the covert collaboration between the CIA, "New Team" and Harding Bancroft, the Executive Vice President of *The New York Times*. The November "Strikes" revealed the source revealed.

Mr. Komer resorted to a major transformation of power especially at the Agency for International Development in applying the "paradiplomatic" techniques, the source said because the United States and AID could not intervene directly in Yemen. Mr. Komer set up "dummy companies" in Europe, the Middle East and in India which "bought" AID goods, "repaid" them, and sold them either back to AID or to other governments. The transactions provided not only "revenues", but most of all "cover" for CIA agents, many of whom were foreign nationals.

To conceal these operations and "protect" them from bona fide AID or other U.S. inspectors, the CIA "New Team" infiltrated the AID security offices, as well as its personnel, operations and inspections divisions, the former Ambassador revealed.

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NIXON IN ASIA

President Nixon set out for Southeast Asia on July 26 in an effort to maintain imperial relationships without making more costly mistakes like Vietnam. The Philippines, Indonesia, and Thailand are among the remaining supports of U.S. dominance in Southeast Asia, and Nixon is trying to make sure they stay that way. His alledged desire to lessen the role of the U.S. in Asia is a desire to suppress liberation movements within these countries, particularly Thailand, with the unsightly presence of 500,000 American troops.

The Philippines is the least of Nixon's worries, but that is more an indication of the threat he faces in the other two, than of the willingness of the Filipinos to place their heads under America's shoe.

The Huk liberation movement following World War II was suppressed with the aid of American planes, weapons and advisors.

Operating in the Central Luzon province to the north of Manila, the Hukbalahaps had been instrumental in the defeat of the Japanese. At the end of the war, they began building a strong guerrilla force to fight for socialism. For the next five years, until 1951, they staged attacks on government patrols and installations gaining considerable support in the Central Luzon region. The huks were defeated only after the U.S. armed the Filipino government for a massive campaign against them, and when they began operating militarily outside of the perimeter of their political support.

Isolated incidents of Huk action still go on in the Philippines. In 1965, the New York Times reported an attack on a government patrol in Bulacan province, formerly Hukbalahap territory. On July 26, 1969, the day before Nixon's arrival in Manila, a Huk was reported killed by police near the hotel where Nixon was to meet with opposition leaders in the Filipino government.

Apart from Huk action, there are other signs of the weakness of President Ferdinand E. Marcos' hold on the people of his country. Nixon's arrival was met with demonstrations protesting the Vietnam War and U.S. presence in Asia. The crowds that greeted Nixon were ordered by the government to participate in the welcoming demonstration in exchange for a day off the next day.

The government commands so little support that at election time voters must be herded to the polls, and sometimes they must be paid as much as \$10 to vote.

The tactic of supplying a government with planes and advisors to enable it to suppress an internal liberation movement is one which Nixon would probably like to see used throughout Asia. This approach maintains U.S. power without the kind of loss of face or men incurred by the Vietnam war.

America is even more pleased with the way that Indonesia dealt with its Communist Party. The Indonesian Communist Party numbered 3 million in 1964, out of a population of 100 million. It was the largest Communist Party in a non-Communist country. It influenced Sukarno to the extent that he did not join the U.N. and he maintained close relations with China.

In October 1965, several high ranking generals were assassinated, and it was interpreted as a Communist plot to wipe out the leadership of the country. Cooperating with the CIA, the military, who wielded considerable power, unleashed a massive retaliation, murdering Communist leaders and setting loose local committees throughout the country to wipe out Communist leaders and setting loose local committees throughout the country to wipe out Communists and anyone even vaguely sympathetic with them. Official government figures list 350,000 murdered over a one year period, but the actual figure may be as high as one million. Political purges are frequent to the present day.

President Suharto, a general who seized control after the massacre of the Communist Party, brought his country into the

U.N., and opened the way for U.S. business to move into Indonesia.

Suharto's security is dependent on firm military control of the country. No civilian opposition is brooked, and fear of soldiers deserting and turning against the government brings them preferential treatment, arousing the resentment of the people.

The demonstrators who gave Nixon such a warm welcome in Jakarta were "obviously" recruited, according to the New York Times. But Nixon is anxious to buy Indonesia's allegiance, and he assured Suharto that the U.S., which already provides him with over a third of the country's total aid (\$466 million a year), would give him even more money. The U.S. would like to see Indonesia continue in its "policy" towards Communists and it is prepared to help them do it. The U.S. would probably like to see every country in Asia pursue the Indonesia policy toward Communists; it's a cheap and simple way of expanding or holding the empire.

If the American grip on Indonesia is tenuous, then its grip on Thailand is seriously slipping. The People's Liberation (PLA) of the Thai Communist Party -- which has Chinese support -- is active in the northeastern and southern peninsula regions of Thailand. The popularity of the Thai government is low, and Nixon and the American interests he represents realize that Thailand could become another Vietnam, costly and damaging to American imperialism.

In 1965, the U.S. sent helicopters and advisors to help Thai government forces combat insurgents in the northeast. In 1966, Peace Corps volunteers, representatives of the U.S. Information Agency, and members of the 809th Engineer Battalion went to Thailand to set up "civic action" programs in rural villages.

These programs consisted of the showing of pro-American films to villagers, and the construction of major roads through the country. In very few cases did these roads link villages with market places, more often they linked government troop installations with regions where the PLA had been active.

In 1967, the propaganda campaign was stepped up with the deployment of eight 10-man teams, coordinated by three CIA agents, to further the village "civic action" programs. PLA actions increased, and they began making direct attacks on government troops. In February 1967, the Thai government announced plans for a major campaign against the PLA and launched it with the help of U.S. counter-insurgency in the northeast region.

Since June 1968, the PLA has staged eight major attacks on government troops and outposts in nine northern provinces and one southern province, as well as almost daily attacks in the northern provinces of Loei. There was a raid on the U.S. air base in Ubon at the time of Nixon's arrival in Bangkok.

Nixon has told Premier Thanom Kittikachorn and other members of the Thai government that the U.S. will stand with them "against foes from the outside and from within"--short of committing ground troops as in Vietnam.

He clearly hopes to keep pro-American governments in power in Southeast Asia merely by giving them planes, arms and advisors (the old Philippine formula). But he probably sees that more is required in the case of Thailand (where imperialism's grip is slipping), just as more was thought to be required in Vietnam. His hopes for Indonesia's ascendance as a pro-American power in Southeast Asia may include plans for Indonesia to come to the rescue of governments like that of Thailand by providing military aid and troops. (Similar ideas are in play in Latin America; an uprising in Uruguay could be put down by military regimes in Brazil and Argentina.) So if Indonesia lost a war in Thailand, America would lose neither money nor face.

However, the PLA of Thailand is getting stronger every day, and Indonesia is still impoverished and internally divided.

The mainstays of American control in Southeast Asia are becoming less and less secure. Indications are that a war of liberation will soon break out in full in Thailand. Popular discontent is still strong in Indonesia, and is present, though weaker, in the Philippines. U.S. efforts to crush liberation movements in Southeast Asia are failing. If the U.S. is to lessen its role in Asia, it will not be out of choice.

by Ralph Greenspan LNS

MAINTAINING THE AMERICAN EMPIRE

I'LL BET YOU
DIDN'T KNOW
WE HANDLED
These!



CALL
NOW!

I SAY
 to masturbate is human
 to fuck divine

I say the purpose of the Revolution
 is to eliminate masturbation

I say fucking is holy
 I say the revolution is holy

I say the family that lays together
 stays together.

I say that GOD and fucking are ONE
 I say that sick, sexless souls' cause

WAR!

I SAY FUCK OR DIE!

I say the Catholic Church is anti-fuck
 & the Jewish Church
 & The Church.

I say governments oppose fucking
 because old men oppose fucking

I say anyone who hates this poem
 is JEALOUS

I say COMEATIVE FUCKFUL

I say fuck is beauty

Fuck is GOD.

JOE KUPFERBURG

HIGH SCHOOL CONFIDENTIAL

Published and printed as a public service by the
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS PROTECTIVE SOCIETY

FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ONLY

This information must not fall into the hands of students. The job of school administrator is difficult enough without giving away the tricks of the trade.

These are trying times for you as a dedicated school administrator. There has been loosed upon this country an entire generation of youth with little or no respect for your authority. One longs for the good old days when a few well-aimed swats or sometimes just threats were enough to keep a school running smoothly. The skillful administrator can still keep order with well-chosen threats, bluffs and demands; but only if he is blessed with an unusually docile or uninformed student body.

The alert administrator needs to keep abreast of legal developments. To help you do this, the Society has prepared this memorandum. Rebellious students and their short-sighted lawyers have repeatedly dragged well-meaning school administrators through the courts of our land. The results have repeatedly and consistently been disastrous for the administrators. In some cases, students have added financial injury to insult by successfully demanding damages from unwary administrators.

Throughout his memorandum, the word "student" includes not only college students. The United States Supreme Court decisions that follow apply with equal force to high school, grade school and presumably kindergarten rebels.

Rebellious students and their treacherous adult allies rely heavily in court on a paragraph reproduced below for your protection.

Congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

This paragraph is known in the legal trade as the first amendment of the U.S. Constitution, and is binding upon the States and their subdivisions (including, unfortunately, Boards of Education and school administrators.) If you want to see what happens to educators when they run afoul of the first amendment, see Gitlow V. New York, 268 U.S. 652 (1925) and U.S. 652 (1925) and West Virginia State Board of Education v. Barnette, 319 U.S. 624 (1943).

We hope you will find helpful the suggestions below for dealing with disrespectful students. You are advised to be cautious, however, since the Supreme Court has found all these devices unconstitutional. You are safe only when your student body is ignorant of the rights of U.S. citizens, or when lawyers keep their noses out of school business.

SUGGESTIONS FOR CONTROLLING YOUR STUDENT BODY:

1. Forbid leafletting or passing out student newspapers. Be aware that you will be found guilty of violating the First Amendment if you are taken to court. See Jamison v. Texas, 318 US 413 (1943)
2. If the above bluff doesn't work, tell them they can't leaflet because it might cause littering, which is illegal. (Beware Schneider v. Irvington, 308 US 147, 162-163 (1939).
3. Forbid leafletting, etc., because others might be angered or disputes arise. (Beware Terminiello v. Chicago, 337 US 1, 4 (1949).

FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ONLY FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ONLY FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ONLY FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ONLY

WHO'S THAT
ANGEL
A-COMIN'
AFTER ME



Addressing 1,000 New York police, evangelist Billy Graham said police are "God's agent for punishment."

CHICAGO (FRED) A bill in the Illinois legislature to ban pay-toilets is facing opposition from the manufacturer of locks for rest-room doors.

Frank Rouse, president of the American Con Lock Co. in Pawtucket, R.I., calls the bill "un-American and unconstitutional". James McNutt, president of Nik-o-Lok Co. of Indianapolis said that

"any hippie who wants to will be able to take a free shower in your restroom".

But the man who introduced the bill, Edward Wolbank of Chicago, is sticking to his guns. He says that "When Mother Nature calls, we must respond and should not have to pay for the privilege." Apparently, other states are already considering similar action against pay toilets.

4. Ask your friendly local businessmen to forbid leafletting, etc. in public places like shopping centers, bus terminals. (Beware Amalgamated Local 590 v. Logan Valley Plaza, 88s. Ct. 1601 (1968) and Wolin v. Port of N.Y. Authority, 392 V. 2d 83, (2d C.A. 1968).
5. Forbid leafletting anywhere on school property, anytime. (Beware Cameron v. Johnson, 390 U.S. 611 (1968), unless you can show clearly that the educational process is being obstructed.
6. Search students' lockers. (Beware Overton v. N.Y., 37 U.S.L.W. (1968) unless you have a search warrant.)
7. Confiscate student newspapers, etc. (This action seldom wins the sympathy of the court.)
8. Ban all distribution of all materials by all students. This way you can avoid prosecution under the Fourteenth Amendment which prohibits discrimination or unequal treatment. Beware of the First Amendment.
9. Insist that all newspapers, etc. must be submitted for your approval before distribution. Alas, even this device has been struck down in several court cases, among them Lovell v. Griffin, 303 U.S. 444 (1938) and Sala v. N.Y., 334 U.S. 558 (1948).
10. Discredit them by demanding that they salute the Flag. (Beware W. Va. v. Barnette, in which the Court said, "...no official, high or petty, can prescribe what shall be orthodox in politics, nationalism, religion or other matters of opinion, or force citizens to confess by word or act their faith therein."
11. Tell students that they are forbidden to criticize government officials in school papers. (Beware Dickey v. Alabama State Board of Education, 273 F. Supp. 613.)
12. Forbid the wearing of buttons. (Beware Burnside v. Byars, which affirms the right of students to wear buttons which convey a political message.)
13. Forbid their going to demonstrations without your consent. (Beware Hammond v. South Carolina State College.)
14. Suspend them for "misconduct". (Beware Soglin v. Kaufman, which states that violation of vague rules of conduct cannot stand as a foundation for suspension or expulsion.)
15. Forbid the wearing of armbands, etc. indicating that Our Boys Overseas are fighting an unjust or immoral war. (Beware Tinker v. Des Moines, 37 U.S.L.W. 4121, 1969, which affirms that wearing armbands is protected under "free speech".)

An example of fuzzy-thinking we must contend with is found in the case of Terminiello v. Chicago: "...this sort of hazardous freedom and openness - that is the basis of our national strength and of the independence and vigor of Americans who grow up and live in this relatively permissive society." One last warning to you administrators. If they can't beat you any other way, some lawyers will resort to the old due-process trick. When punishing deserving students, you might be called upon in court to prove that the students were given proper notice and a hearing. (Dixon v. Alabama State Board of Ed.)

We should of course have the urgent duty of assuring that the life of our schools is permeated with the democratic spirit. After all, in the words of one honorable judge, we are "educating the young for citizenship."

P.S. Send to: Society for Individual Rights (S.I.R. Pocket Lawyer)

83 Sixth Street

San Francisco, Cal. 94103

to know what the rights are of any individual who is arrested. That's if you think your students might have something on you.

PAYING and PEEING

ETHIOPIA

(This article has been condensed from an interview conducted by LNS with two members of the World Wide Union of Ethiopian Students, Alem Habtu and Melesse Ayalew.)

Two thousand Ethiopian students are in concentration camps, a score are dead and hundreds wounded as a result of a student strike which began last March. But the feudal regime of Haile Selassie has been unable to break the strike - the schools are still closed.

The Ethiopian student movement is closely linked with peasant uprisings throughout the country. And the Ethiopian Government is closely linked to American imperialism, which uses Ethiopia as a base not only for the control of Africa, but also of the middle east, for Ethiopia has a strategic location, bordering the Red Sea and the Indian Ocean.

The life of the Ethiopian peasant is really very miserable because of the low standard of living. About 75 percent of what the peasants produce they have to give back to the landlord. As a result the income of the peasant is extremely limited. He has barely enough to subsist on. In addition to that there are all sorts of feudal services - household services. For example, his wife must sometimes be a servant to the feudal landlord or the landlord's wife. If there is something that needs to be done - if the landlord's house needs to be painted or a new fence put around - the peasant is obligated to provide all the services.

"Between 95 and 98 percent of the Ethiopian population is illiterate. . . ."

The children of most peasants - 99 percent of the peasants do not go to school. For an Ethiopian to go to school he has to be the son or daughter of a landlord or civil servant, or he has to be related to them - like a nephew or a niece or a cousin.

The children of most peasants are obligated to provide certain services; once a kid is 7 to 10 years old he has to work as a shepherd for the landlord's cattle.

Ethiopian students have been on strike since March because they see an injustice: a social system and an educational system which does not provide any education for about 90 percent of school aged children.

The Ethiopian student movement has had a number of confrontations with the government in the last five years. But in the last year, as a result of a really intense economic crisis, the government instituted a series of laws which very greatly affected the peasant mass in Ethiopia. And one of the measures it took was to increase the educational tax. In addition to the educational tax, a fee of \$10 is required for school entrance examinations. The effect of these fees on education is a country with a per capita income of \$35 to \$50 is self-evident.

The first confrontation against this law took place in a very very small provincial town where the high school and grammar school students demonstrated and the peasants joined them. During this peaceful demonstration one student was shot and a couple of them were wounded. A week or two later the Student Movement, whose headquarters is in the capital city, decided to demonstrate peacefully against the government and also to oppose the killing of the student in the provincial town. Apparently the government knew about the whole preparation, and as soon as the students were just about to go on strike, the government sent the security forces and evacuated all students from the university campus. Everybody was shuttled to a concentration camp, and the next day or a couple of days later all the high school students came out in support of the university students who had been taken to concentration camps. This started in March, and this process has been going on since then - the entire school system has been shut down.

One of the demands of the current student strike is that the present officials in the Ministry of Education be replaced by more competent people. That is because the present people have been incapable for decades of establishing any meaningful educational system in the country. This is also a political demand in the sense that these officials, including the Minister of Education, are appointed by the Emperor and are directly responsible to him. And therefore it is a challenge to the power the emperor has. In that sense, it's a very significant demand.

Another demand is that scholarships from outside countries be fully utilized and be utilized in a fair manner. Up to now, there are at least 3000 scholarships open to Ethiopians every year. Of this, 1000 or less are accepted and used. And most of these 1000 scholarships are from the United States and Western Europe. There are a large number of scholarships offered by socialist countries, and the government systematically refused to accept these.

The other aspect of this demand is that most of the scholarships are given on a favoritism basis to the sons and daughters

IRISH

The Irish struggle is not a religious war. It is, in fact, an attempt by 40% of the population to achieve their rights systematically denied for many centuries.

History, politics and economics explain to the outsider what seems to be a fanatical intolerance on the part of the top men in Northern Ireland's population in relation to Catholic citizens.

About 40% of the population of 1,500,000 is Roman Catholic, the other 60% is Protestant. For the most part, the two communities live in a kind of apartheid atmosphere in distinctly separate areas. This separation is fostered and encouraged by the ruling class of Northern Ireland in order to maintain itself in power. Without exception, these rulers are members of the Orange order, a semi-fascist organization for Protestants only.

A grass roots movement of Catholics and many poor Protestants has sprung up recently in Northern Ireland to fight against government sponsored religious hatred. The aims of the movement, led by the Civil Rights Association, include an end to religious discrimination and social injustice, a one man/one vote policy in all elections and the repeal of the hated Special Powers Act.

The Special Powers Act was and remains the main instrument of repression in Ulster. Under it the police may arrest anyone without a warrant and imprison him without charging him with a crime. The prisoner cannot obtain a writ of habeas corpus and has no right to see a lawyer; he has no right to a trial by jury, and if he dies, the police can prohibit the holding of an inquest. (One of the "concessions" promised by the government is the repeal of this last provision.) Among those who are to be arrested are those who "by word of mouth" spread false reports or make false statements, or who do anything "calculated to be prejudicial to the preservation of peace or the maintenance of order in Northern Ireland and not specifically provided for in the regulations."

Police oppression, however, is not the only method of keeping control. In local elections, the right to vote is limited to property owners. This qualification can give owners of shops and other businesses up to six votes for six businesses; this helps the propertied class and their friends maintain a majority on Town Councils and in the Central Government (Stormont). Housing is allocated directly by the Town Council, whose members for the most part are rich Protestants who will not risk their majorities by housing Catholics.

Other organizations, such as People's Democracy, assert that the solution to Ireland's woes must include more than just an end to discrimination and police repression - that a genuine revolution is necessary.

In the three Northern Ireland counties where the Catholics are in the majority, control is denied to them by gerrymandering. The city of Derry is a typical case. In the early years of the Stormont parliament there was a separate seat for the city of Derry which elected a Nationalist (Catholic) member because of the Catholic majority. To neutralize the seat the electoral boundaries were redrawn. The city itself was cut into two, in such a way that one area would elect a Catholic and the other a Protestant. The boundary of the city was stretched eight miles into the country to include pockets of Unionist (Protestant) voters, without reference to natural geographic features.

It is in the local government elections, however, that the gerrymander injustice is seen at its worst. One of the Derry electoral wards, wholly Catholic, has a population of 30,000 and elects eight members to the City Council. Two other smaller wards, while they have some distinctly Catholic streets, are mainly Protestant residential areas. With a total population of 24,000 inhabitants, those two wards elect twelve councillors.

Because the Civil Rights Association activities brought the light of the world press to bear on Northern Ireland, the Stormont Government has recently promised consideration in 1971 of the demands for one man/one vote. Before 1971, however, various councils will have been grouped into larger units and the boundaries of the enlarged councils will doubtless, where necessary, have been effectively gerrymandered. To secure justice in the new units of local government the minority would probably require one man/five votes.

The immediate source, then, of discontent in Northern Ireland can be traced directly to the practices of the Orange Order and to their political arm, the Unionist Party.

In 1793, after a violent conflict between Protestants and Catholics in County Armagh, a Protestant Orange society

STRUGGLE

named after William of Orange was formed "to maintain the laws and peace of the country and the Protestant constitution." The Orange society spread its branches, called lodges, and by 1797 it had 200,000 members. During the early and middle years of the 19th century the movement fell into some obscurity, but when Gladstone declared in favor of Irish Home Rule in 1885, the Orange Order, as it came to be called, provided a core of resistance.

Two of the most militant opponents of the civil rights movement are Ian Paisley and Ronald Bunting. Both have made no secret of the fact that they will hamper and harass the civil rights marches and demonstrations using "bully-boy" tactics which are reminiscent of the Nazi stormtroopers. Each time the civil rights workers have a demonstration, they seek police permission. This is not always granted, but when it is the police do not protect the marchers from the Paisleyites, who are usually armed. Sometimes the police actually help Paisley's storm-troopers. This was the case on Jan. 6, 1969, when the police surged through some of the Catholic streets of Derry, smashing doors and windows and assaulting men and women who tried to stop them. The response to a demand for an inquiry into this behavior was to dispatch a high-ranking police officer to study the charges - a gesture not likely to restore confidence in the police among the people of Derry. The auxiliary police, the "B Specials," as they are called, have also been called up on active duty. Almost all of these men are from the Orange Order. They get 48 hours training, are then armed with machine guns and let loose on the people. In such a situation, the civil rights groups have had to barricade sections of Derry to protect themselves from the police and Specials who had gone berserk.

The Rev. Ian Paisley, a Bible thumping fanatic, approves all of this and adds, "We will stop these Papists any way necessary." He received his religious education in Bob Jones University in the American south. This university is noted for its connections with fascist and Ku Klux Klan groups - tendencies which Paisley supports wholeheartedly.

Chichester-Clark, the new Prime Minister, is a leading light of the Orange order and the ruling gentry class. He owns a 560-acre estate near Derry where the average holding is 40 acres. Riding to hounds - "the gentlemanly sport" is his favorite pastime.

Today the Order is a semi-secret organization with a membership of 100,000. It dominates the entire political life of Northern Ireland. The membership includes a large proportion of prosperous farmers, skilled workers and professional men, while its inner sanctums are controlled by the propertied ruling class. There are lodges also for women and children. Some of the Order's police branches proudly call themselves "Cromwell's Ironsides."

Despite some apparent political differences between various important figures of the Orange Order, such as ex-Prime Minister Terence O'Neill, William Craig, Prime Minister James Chichester-Clark and even Ian Paisley, they are all in agreement that the purpose of the Orange Order is still valid: it existed and still exists for the purpose of preserving a political and economic supremacy of the Protestant ruling class.

The traditional privileges enjoyed by this class would be lost if the Catholics and poor Protestants joined together to force a new political order. On this proposition there is complete agreement within the Order and any expectation of a split over this issue would be naive. James Craig said: "I have always said I am an Orangeman first and a politician and a Member of Parliament afterwards. . . all I boast is that we are a Protestant Parliament and a Protestant State."

To preserve their position of power, the Orange order uses the old technique of divide and rule, so the ordinary people of Northern Ireland are divided over the religious issue - which the Orange Order constantly expounds. Protestant workers are warned to beware of Catholic democracy, birth rates and standards of hygiene. But for the first time since 1798 (when Catholic and Protestants united to fight for their freedom), the civil rights movement today is uniting this same mass of people to fight for their rights.

One of their leaders, Bernadette Devlin, a Member of Parliament, says of the civil rights movement: "We are a movement of all the exploited people of Northern Ireland. The ruling party - the Unionist Party - uses religious differences to weaken the efforts of the common people to improve their lot. Religious bigotry is an excuse for the economic failure of the government."



ters of the aristocracy, and that most of the time the students from poor backgrounds are systematically excluded. Therefore the second part of the demand is that it be given on the basis of merit, or in a fair manner.

The third demand is that the public officials responsible for the murder of students be forced to appear for public trial. This refers to approximately 20 students who have been killed since February. One is a university student, the others are high school students or elementary school children. It refers also to the heads of the police departments, the head of the secret police, and the governments of certain provinces where murders took place.

Another demand has to do with new school fees and examination fees that the government attempted to institute in order to get more revenue. The students are opposed to this because already the peasant masses pay an educational tax, and yet most of their children do not go to school. Therefore this new school fee is nonsense. So this demand was for the cancellation of this new school fee, and examination fees at every level.

The sixth demand was that the budget of education be increased by reducing certain extravagant expenses that the government indulges in, such as having embassies all over the world, even where it is unnecessary.

Another demand is the removal of the Peace Corps. To understand this one has to look at the role of the Peace Corps in the Ethiopian educational system in the context of American imperialism.

The United States, first, has the largest military base on the African continent on Ethiopian soil. Since 1945 Ethiopia has received the largest aid from the United States, and we do know that 75 to 80 percent of it has been in the form of military aid, especially since 1960. In the 1960 uprising against Haile Selassie, the United States Army actually participated in putting down the military coup d'etat against Selassie. And since then the United States has taken over literally everything; the university is a creation of the United States, literally controlled by Americans.

The Peace Corps within this context happens to be in charge of high schools and to some extent primary schools in Ethiopia. The Ethiopian student movement and to a large extent the public is extremely resentful of this for two reasons: First, it does not contribute to the overall literacy of the Ethiopian people, and secondly, even the people it educated - and that is a very significant minority - it brainwashes.

It's an agent of American imperialism.

More than 25% of the university faculty is American. More than 50% of the teaching staff in the public school is Peace Corps. The U.S., through the Peace Corps, the Point 4 Program and AID is fully in charge of curriculum development for the first grade up to the university level. Therefore, quite logically, what you have is an American system - an American educational system which is not relevant to the Ethiopian situation, to the problems, the national problems, in Ethiopia.

After the war against Italian invasion - after 1941 - for a few years the British were dominating Ethiopia. But especially since 1945 the United States has been displacing the British influence in Ethiopia. For example, it took over a small military installation in northern Ethiopia and turned it into a major U.S. military base. The United States calls it a communications base. It's very important in communications for the whole of Africa and the middle east, and there are between 5,000 and 10,000 GI's stationed there.

In return - and the agreement was formally signed by the United States and the Ethiopian government in 1953 - the United States pledged to maintain Haile Selassie's regime in power.

Within the military there are other ways in which the United States controls Ethiopia. All the Armed Forces, the Army and the Navy are trained by the United States and are financed essentially by the United States. Most of the weapons are American weapons. The Ethiopian army, for example, has at any given time only a very limited supply of weapons, which in a war situation would last only for a month or two; therefore it's continuously dependent on the United States.

Ethiopia has gotten more military aid than all the other countries of Africa - except South Africa - put together.

Ethiopia has what is called a one crop economy. That is coffee, and the United States buys 70% of the coffee that's exported. Therefore the U.S. has a stronghold on the economy plus, especially in the last few years, the American corporations have begun to invest heavily in Ethiopia, especially in minerals.

The United States was very instrumental in seeing to it that Ethiopia became the headquarters of the Organization of African Unity and the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa. In controlling Ethiopia they not only control the internal situation in Ethiopia but also developments throughout Africa and the middle east.

American Servicemen's Union program

WE DEMAND THE RIGHT OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

Union representatives of the enlisted men must have the right to meet with today's dictatorial officers and tell them what the men want. The present Hitler-type regulations forbid this and call it mutiny. Such regulations must go.

WE DEMAND ELECTION OF OFFICERS BY VOTE OF THE MEN

Workers elect union leaders, from steward to president, but we GIs have utterly no opportunity to pass on the merits of the military leaders who have power of life and death over us. The soldiers in the National Liberation Front of South Vietnam elect their own officers. What's wrong with American GIs electing theirs? United States officers should not only be elected, but subject to recall at any time by majority vote. We demand election of officers by the vote of the men in their command.

WE DEMAND AN END TO SALUTING AND SIRRING OF OFFICERS

We believe compulsory saluting and sirring of officers is degrading to GIs. This show of obedience is required to create an atmosphere of subservience to the dictatorial orders of the officers. Few civilians realize that men are constantly being court-martialed and often given prison sentences for leaving out the "Sir" in addressing the Brass.

WE DEMAND FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGES

We demand an end to a wage system where we get pennies an hour while the banker generals get \$50,000 a year. We demand a wage system based on the needs of the enlisted men — pay by work, not rank. We demand an end to the impoverishment of enlisted men, which forces many of our brothers' families to welfare while the generals' families trip off to the Riviera.

WE DEMAND AN END TO RACISM IN THE ARMED FORCES AND RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION FOR BLACK AND PUERTO RICAN PEOPLE

We know that racism seeks to divide the oppressed enlisted men against one another in order to prevent unity in the fight against the Brass. We know that black and Spanish-speaking brothers are placed in the most dangerous assignments and suffer the highest casualty rates. We demand an end to the filling of stockades with black and Spanish-speaking GIs who have refused to submit to the racist attacks and insults imposed on them by the Brass. KKK crosses have been burned both here and in Vietnam. We believe that anything less than a head-on attack against white racism would cause the solidarity of white and black GIs in our union to break down and thus play into the hands of the Brass.

WE DEMAND RANK-AND-FILE CONTROL OVER COURT-MARTIAL BOARDS

We demand an end to the system whereby

the all-powerful officers sit in judgment over GIs. The Constitution guarantees the right of any person to be judged by a jury of his peers. In the Armed Services there has never been a GI of the rank of PFC or lower who has served on a court-martial board, and yet 90 percent of those court-martialed are PFC or lower. The vast majority of cases would not even be considered crimes in civilian life (and yet 95 percent are now being found guilty). If a GI must stand trial, let other GIs try him!

WE DEMAND THE RIGHT OF FREE POLITICAL ASSOCIATION

This freedom is guaranteed by the Constitution. GIs have been harassed and court-martialed on the basis of their associations alone. We believe that our association and organization is a matter of our survival — our life or death. The Brass associate with whom they please. We want to associate with whom we please.

WE DEMAND THE RIGHT TO DISOBEY ILLEGAL ORDERS — LIKE ORDERS TO FIGHT IN VIETNAM

We believe that no officer has the right to order us to fight and die in battles against our brothers, be they in Berkeley, Chicago, Detroit, Santo Domingo or Vietnam. The GIs have a right to decide where they want to die and what they want to die for. We believe that orders must serve the needs of the people.

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2. The most effective modern communes are the Israeli Kibbutzim — and the Dead Sea community may have been the oldest.
3. Oshek is the principle that food grown by exploited labor is not fit to eat — like California grapes.

Work out your own ideas about the Jewish tradition and social activism.

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how deserters are caught

and
how
not to

When a man goes AWOL, these people should be notified to watch for him: the MP's at his base, the local police, the police in his home town, the police in any other town where it is thought he might go (for instance, the town where his wife or girl-friend lives).

After he has been gone 30 days, he is listed as a deserter and these same police forces will be notified of that fact. (Being listed as a deserter doesn't have anything to do with whether or not he is prosecuted for desertion; it is just an administrative classification.) At this point, information on him is sent to the FBI, which then distributes his name to police forces throughout the country.

Most deserters are apprehended without any effort on the part of the authorities. They either turn themselves in or make a mistake which puts them in the hands of a local police force. If a deserter does not turn up after a few months, the FBI may send an agent to question members of the family and in other ways search for the man. If he, still is not found they may repeat the attempt to find him later. (A deserter who has a security clearance should not expect to be treated in the way just described. The FBI should be notified immediately after his absence is noted and they will look for him.)

Deserters who stay in the U.S. are often caught because they make mistakes like these:

They go to their home-towns or the places where their families or girl-friends friends or wives live. Their families, friends, or neighbors turn them in, or the local police recognize them.

They stay near bases where they were stationed. They go near other military bases and are spotted as "military".

They are questioned or picked up by the police on another matter. This happens because they do not avoid the kinds of neighborhoods, companions, activities or ways of dress that attract cops. Or it happens because they are picked up on traffic offenses, for hitchhiking, or similar things.

They wear military jackets, boots, or other easily spotted clothing.

They carry their military I.D. in the same place as the civilian I.D. they are using or keep it some place where it can be spotted. (It is best to keep the military I.D. available, however, to prove you were AWOL and not deserting if you are caught.)

They let family or friends know where they are living usually by writing letters which give their return address or which carry the post-mark of the city they are living in.

They tell their stories to people they meet.

They give confused or contradictory answers when asked about their draft status or about what they have been doing in the recent past - instead of having a simple story ready.

Some may get caught because they file income tax returns under their own names and use their old social security numbers - instead of changing their names or changing the spelling of their last names and then getting new identification and social security cards. (Anyone who lies on a social security application could be prosecuted for that and sentenced to up to 5 years in jail.)

For further information on how to spot deserters from the U.S. armed forces, contact the American Deserters Committee, Box 3822, Station D, Vancouver, B. C.



NAVY NURSE SCREWED

Oct '68 -- Lt. Susan Schnall, a Naval nurse, and her husband, a pilot and Vietnam vet, dropped 12,000 leaflets from a plane on three California Naval installations and the USS Ranger, announcing the San Francisco "GIs and Vets March for Peace." She participated in the march in uniform.

June '69 -- Susan was convicted of acting "to promote disloyalty and disaffection among members of the armed forces," and "participating in uniform in a demonstration... in furtherance of partisan views," by a military court. She has been sentenced to 6 months at hard labor.

Said Susan: "Generals wear their uniforms when they speak out in favor of the Vietnam War. So why can't we?" Indeed!!!

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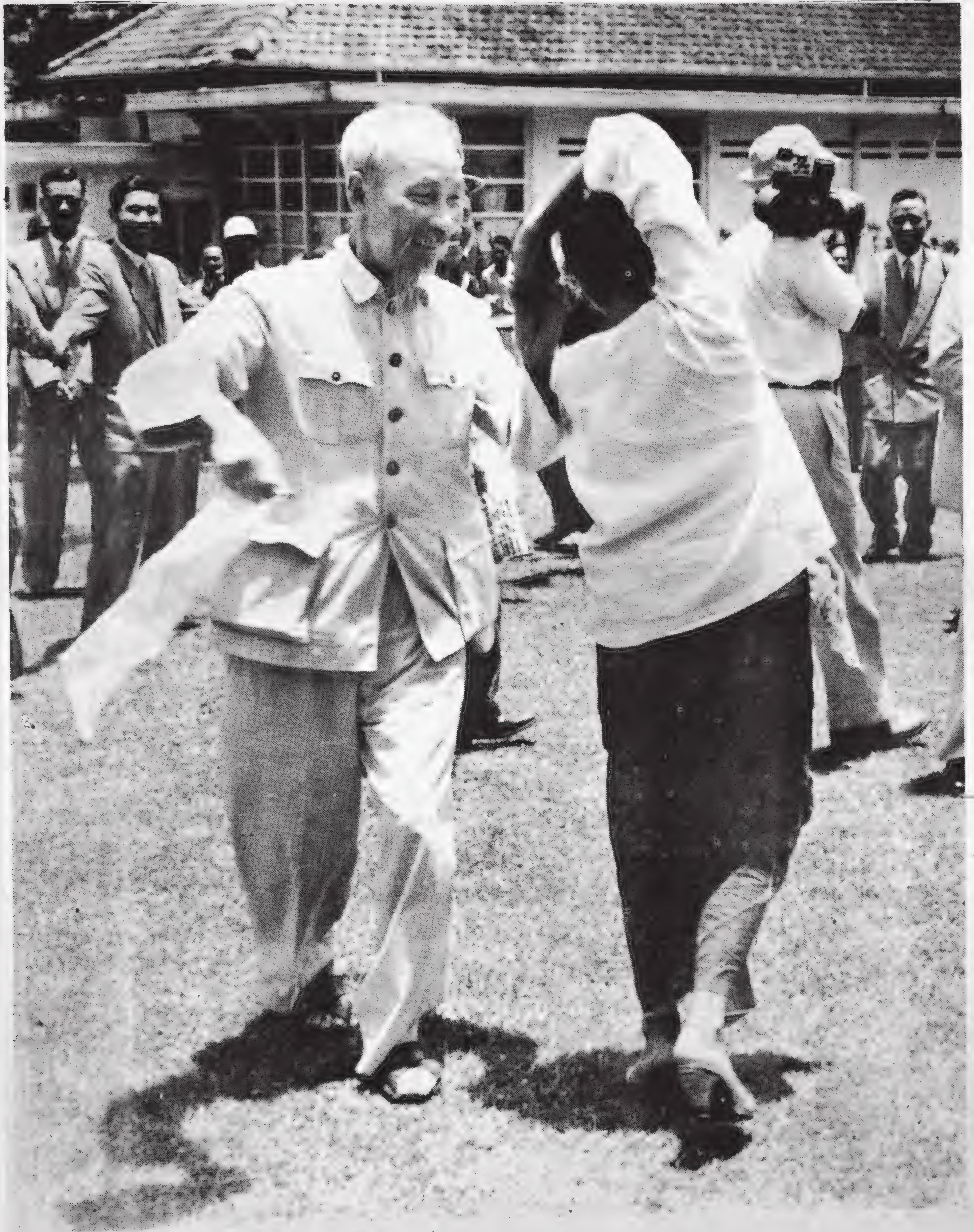
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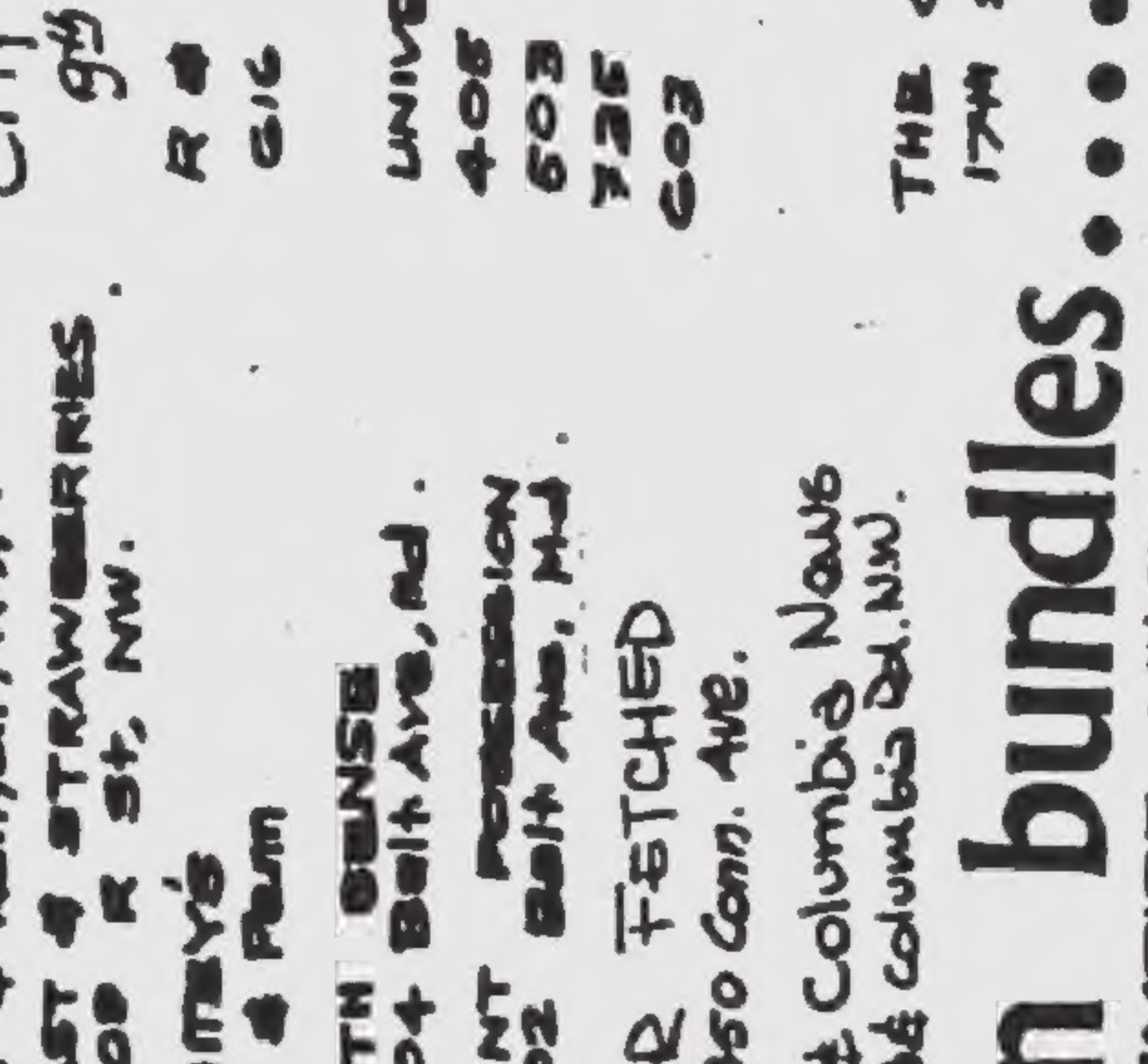
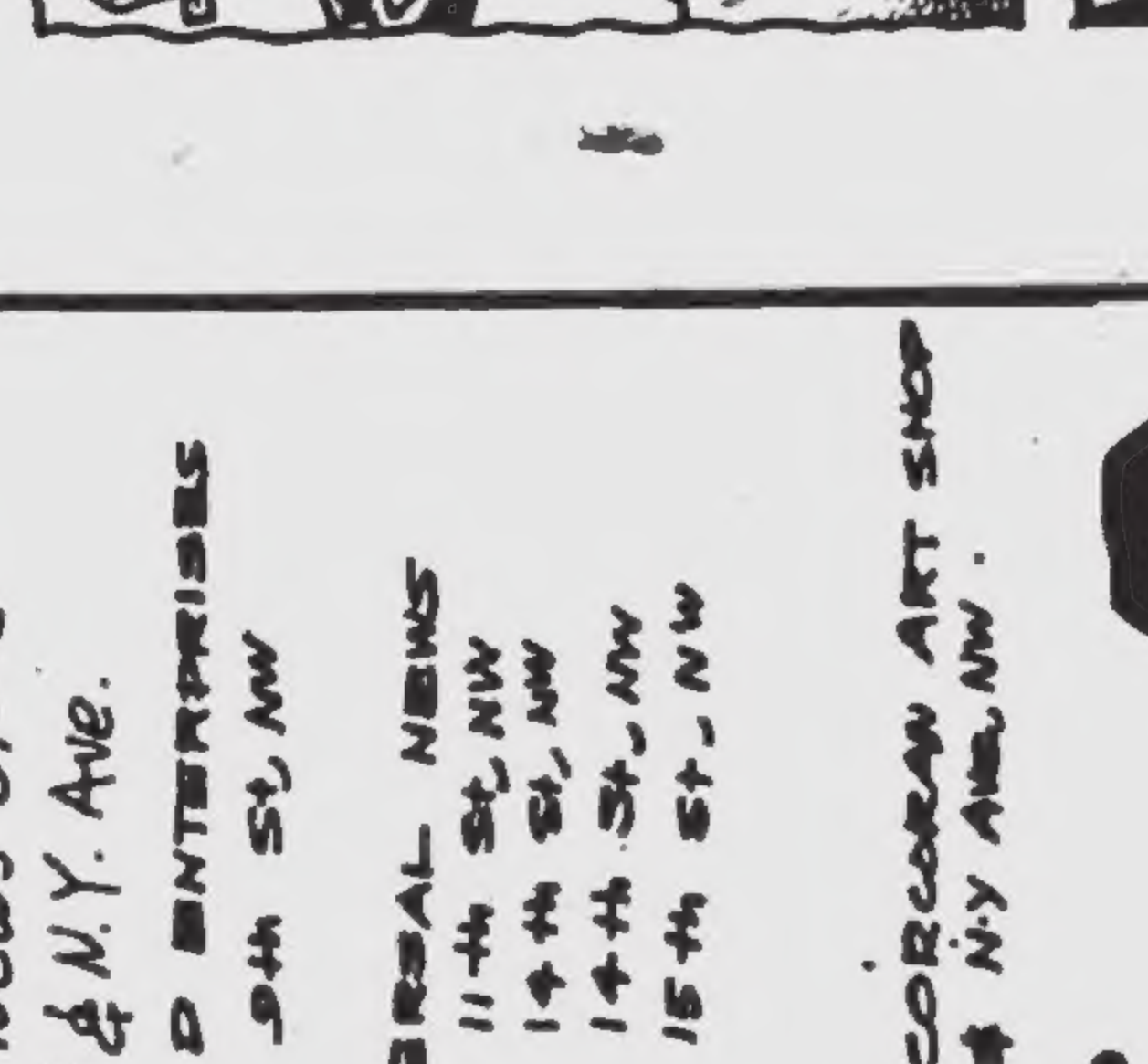
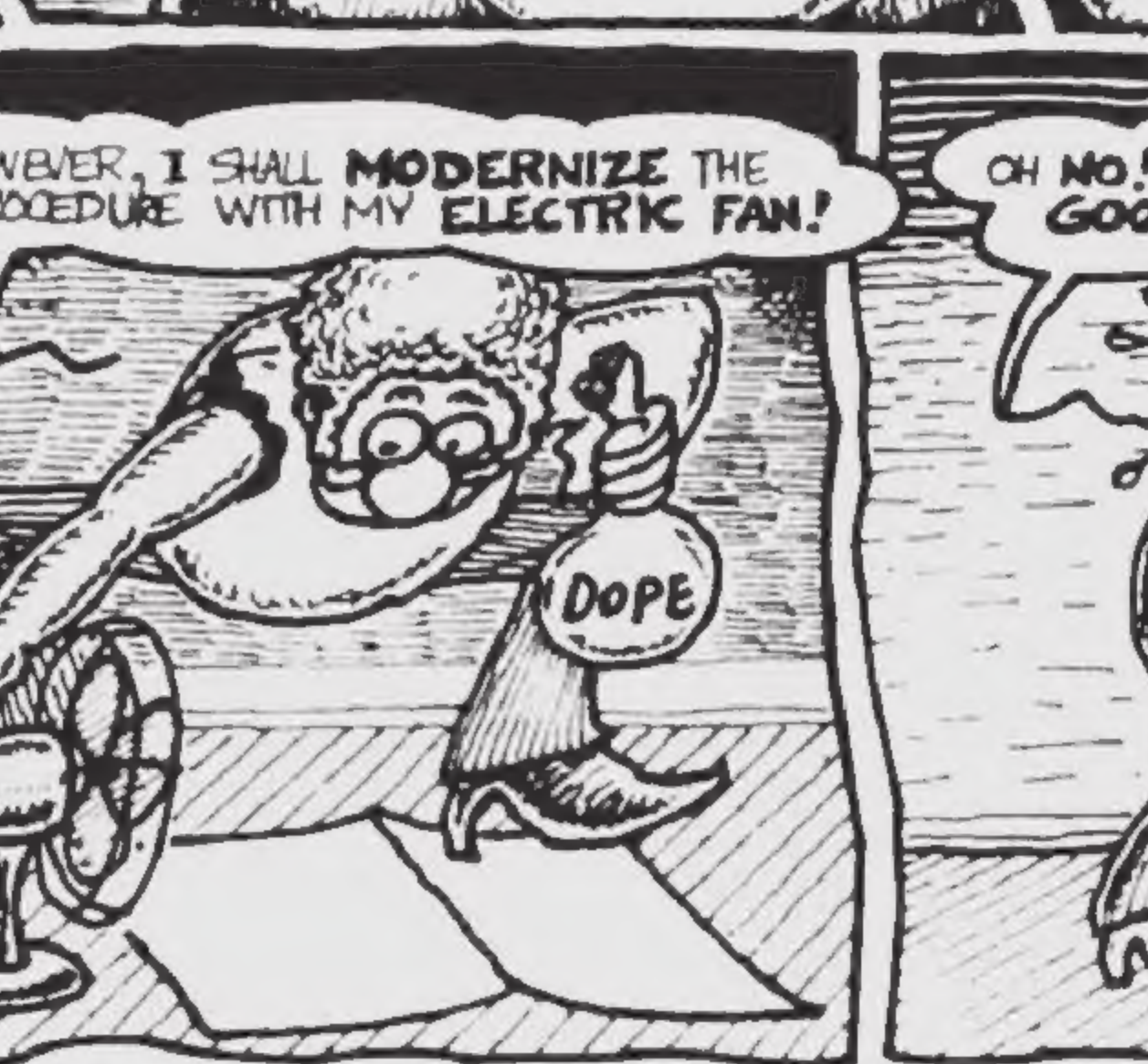
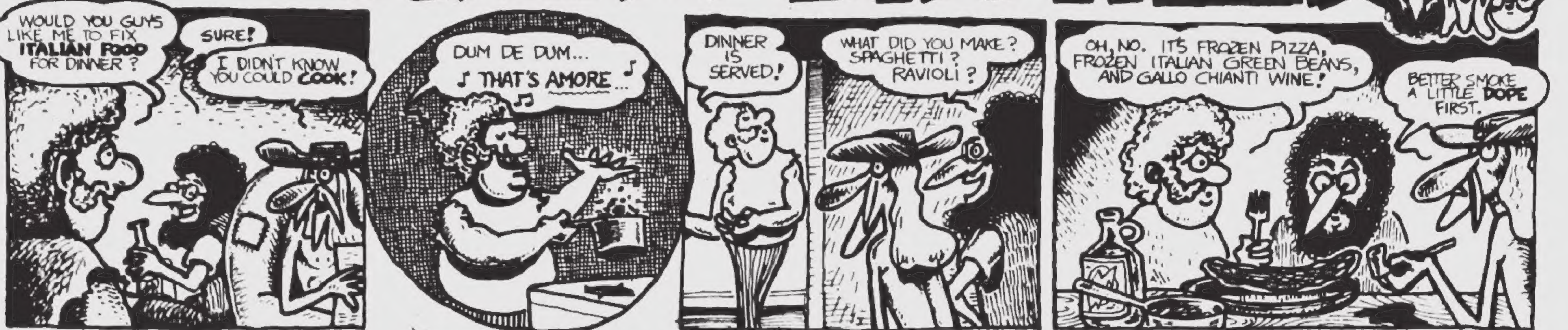
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Fig. 13 - Dope's helmet, copulating.
The helmet is on the back of the head.



THE FABULOUS FURRY FREAK BROTHERS



where to cop wfp

QUICKIM
1270 WISCONSIN AVE.
OLD GEORGETOWN RD
Bethesda.

CAPITOL HILL BOOK SHOP
517 7th St. S.E.
SIEN OH SONAH
5126 P St. NW.
TOMMY'S NEWS
4 Thomas Circle.
14TH & KENYON NEWS
14th & Kenyon, N.W.

TOAST & STRAWBERRIES
2009 R St. NW.

WHITNEY'S
7th & PUM
GIC 9th St. NW

SIXTH SENSE
3404 Bell Ave. N.J.

JOINT POSSESSION
3402 Bell Ave. N.J.

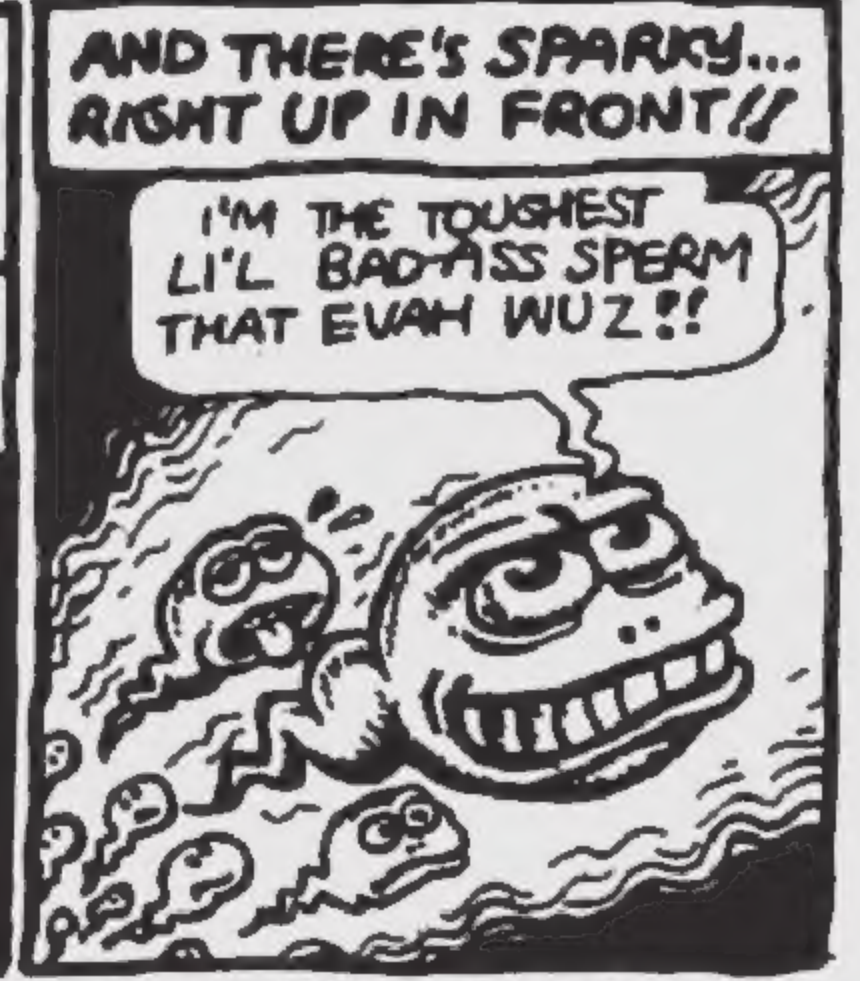
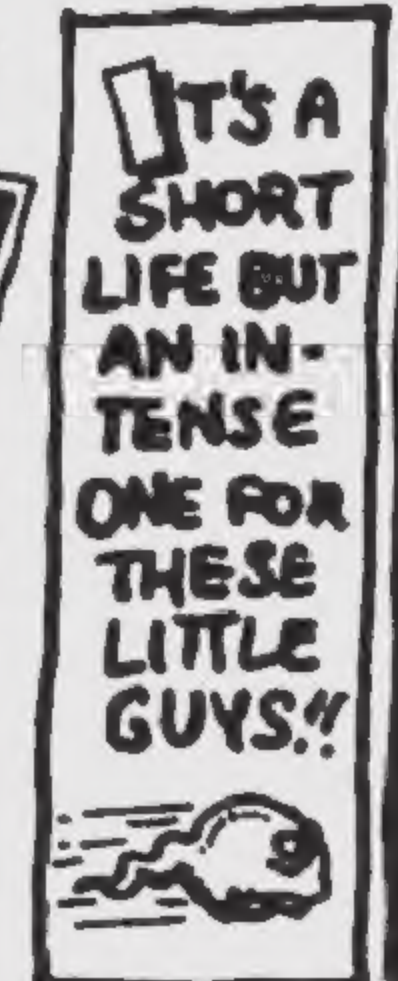
FAR FETCHED
1350 Conn. Ave.

18 & Columbia News
18 & Columbia St. NW.

THE CORCORAN ART SHOP
17th & N.Y. Ave. NW.

EMPIRE MUSIC
2223 N St. NW.

SUNFLOWER BOOK
4725 Wisc. Ave. NW.



FINAL
SUMMER
CLEARANCE
SALE

NEARLY EVERY SHOP THAT SELLS CLOTHES you
DIG WANTS TO SUCK YOU FOR EVERY PENNY THEY
CAN. THEY MAY LOOK LIKE FREAKS WITH LONG HAIR
Running DOWN STONED RAPS, BUT THEY ARE ONLY
FILTHY MONEY GRABBERS HELPING KEEP THE SYSTEM
ALIVE. AT THE SIXTH-SENSE OUR TRIP IS A LITTLE
DIFFERENT. OH SURE, WE'RE LONG HAIR, STONED
FREAKS, BUT WE ALSO CARE ABOUT THE WAY IT'S
WHICH WE SURVIVE. WE'RE INTO HAVING THE MOST
COLORFUL, EXOTIC CLOTHES FOR YOU TO COP AT
PRICES JUST ENOUGH ABOVE OUR COSTS TO SURVIVE ON.
THE HEADS AT SIXTH SENSE ARE IN A GOOD PLACE.

UNTIL
SEPTEMBER
13TH

SALE
ITEMS

SPECIAL
GROUP OF BELLS
TWILLS + PLAIDS
UP TO \$18
NOW \$7

SUMMER
KNITS
UP TO \$15
NOW \$7

SPECIAL GROUP
OF SHIRTS
HALF PRICE

SUMMER JACKETS
UP TO \$22
NOW \$8

ALL DRESS BELLS
HALF PRICE

ANY
HAT
\$3

ALL JEAN
BELLS
25% OFF

SPECIAL
GROUP JEAN
BELLS
HALF PRICE

SMALL GROUP DENIM
WORK SHIRTS WHILE THEY
LAST 6 CENTS

BEACH BELLS
UP TO \$8-6 CENTS

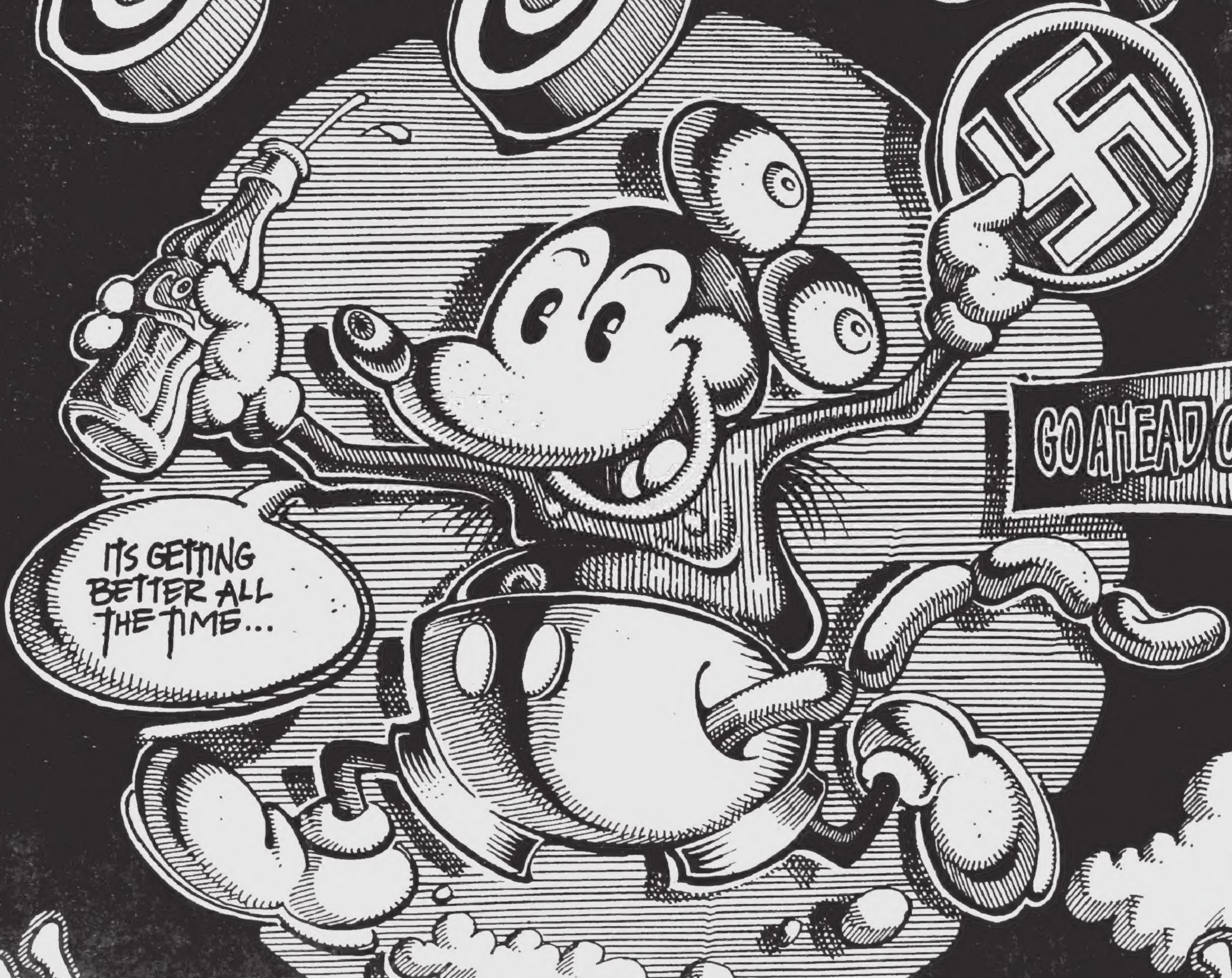
ALL SHIRTS
10% OFF

SIXTH SENSE

7404 BALTIMORE RD. COLLEGE PARK 277-1322



Gung Ho!



AMERICAN COMICS



get a good education !!!...



—step up to big pay !!!..

UH OH — WE'VE REACHED A CUL-DE-SAC